

IR Meeting Materials

March 2024
TODA CORPORATION

Consolidated Financial Forecasts for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2024

the progress of large-scale construction projects had not met expectations and partly because the construction of the new TODA BUILDING has depressed external sales in the domestic
construction business.
Operating Income
¥15.5 bil (+9.7% yoy)
: The Company expects operating income to increase by 9.7% y-o-y to ¥15.5 bil due to improved profits from construction projects in the construction business for which a provision for construction losses was made, and the effect of an overseas affiliate that became a subsidiary in the previous fiscal year.
Net Profit
Attributable to Owners of the Parent ¥13.6 bil (+23.7% YoY)
: Although extraordinary losses were recorded in the Goto City Offshore Wind Power Generation Project net profit is expected to increase by 23.7% y-o-y to \$13.6 bil due to improved profits in the construction business

¥521.0 bil (-4.8% yoy): The Company expects consolidated net sales to

Consolidated Net Sales

The Company expects consolidated net sales to	(Billions of yen)	FY2022	FY2023	(YoY)	
decrease by 4.8% y-o-y to ¥521.0 bil, partly because the progress of large-scale construction projects has not met expectations and partly because the	Consolidated net sales	381.0	352.7	-7.4%	
construction of the new TODA BUILDING has depressed external sales in the domestic construction business.	Gross profit	34.7 (9.1%)	41.2 (11.7%)	18.7%	
Operating Income ¥15.5 bil (+9.7% YoY)	Operating income	4.5 (1.2%)	7.7 (2.2%)	70.8%	
The Company expects operating income to increase by 9.7% y-o-y to ¥15.5 bil due to improved profits from construction projects in the construction	Ordinary income	9.0	15.0	66.5%	
business for which a provision for construction losses was made, and the effect of an overseas affiliate that became a subsidiary in the previous fiscal year. Net Profit	Net profit attributable to owners of the parent	8.3	6.6	-20.9%	
Attributable to Owners of the Parent					
¥13.6 bil (+23.7% YoY) Although extraordinary losses were recorded in the Goto City Offshore Wind Power Generation Project, net profit is expected to increase by 23.7% y-o-y to	Orders received (non- consolidated)	251.8	303.1	20.4%	
¥13.6 bil due to improved profits in the					

Apr-Dec

Apr-Dec

Change

FY2023

Forecasts

521.0

63.5

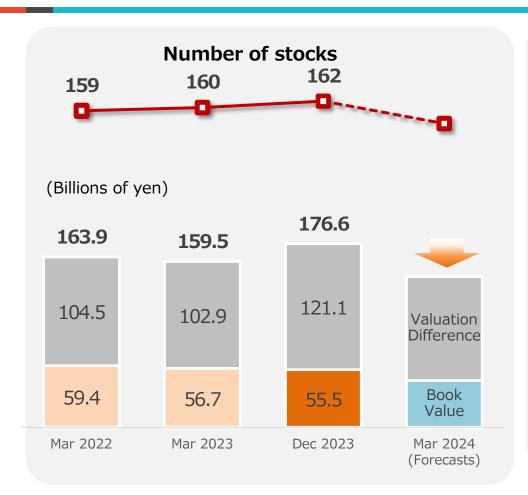
15.5

21.3

13.6

510.0

[Non-consolidated] Cross-Shareholdings



- The balance of cross-shareholdings is being reduced to secure funds for investments in growth.
- At least ¥30 bil worth of crossshareholdings to be sold over three years (FY2022 – FY2024)
 * Market value basis

Sales of cross-shareholdings stocks

	Number of stocks sold	Sales value
Mar 2022	12 stocks	¥4.5 bil
Mar 2023	10 stocks	¥11.5 bil
Feb 2024	14 stocks	¥16.6 bil

Shareholder Return

Shareholder Return Policy

To distribute profit based on business results and the business environment after giving consideration to the provision of continuous and stable dividends to shareholders and the need to secure sufficient retained earnings essential for improving the Company's competitiveness and its financial position.

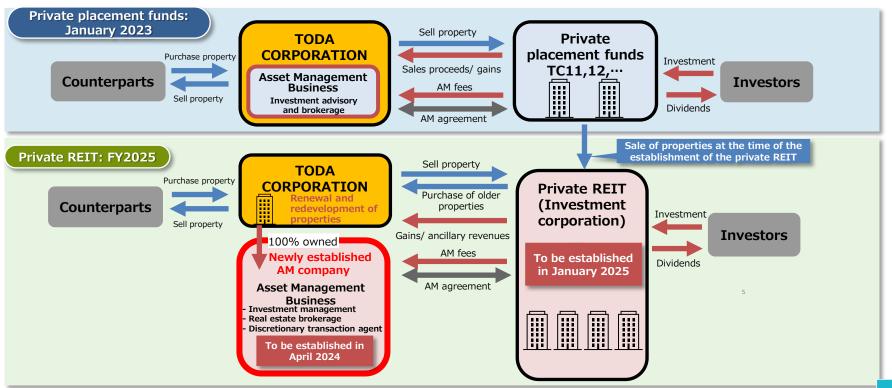
Dividend Forecasts

With a view to "maintaining a dividend on equity (DOE) ratio of 2.5% or more", the Company plans to pay a dividend of ¥28 per share (including an interim dividend of ¥14 per share) for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2024.

	Shareholder Return Policy	FY2022 Actual	FY2023 Forecasts
DOE	2.5% or more	2.7%	2.7%
Total Return Ratio	40.0% or more	76.5%	100.3%

Private REIT and Asset Management Business Initiatives

- Private REIT to be launched in July 2025 with target AUM of ¥100 bil in 10 years.
- Properties such as office, logistics, residential, hotels, leasehold, etc. are being considered for inclusion.



Investment for Growth

¥190 bil of growth investment planned in the Medium-term Management Plan (FY22-FY24)

Investment/ (¥bil) **Investment Recovery** 103.0 (by fiscal year) **Net Investment 86.0** 26.0 M&A **Environment & energy** Real estate development 77.0 38.5 3.9 6.3 **Net Investment 23.3** 28.3 (¥30.0bil for New TODA BLDG) ¥9.0bil for New TODA BLDG) -15.1 -17.0 -0.1 -17.0 -15.2 **Investment** Recovery Investment Recovery FY23 Plan FY22 Actual * Net investment = * FY22 Actual updated with finalized figures. Investment amount - Collected amount

Planned investment other than new TODA BUILDING





Non-financial Business Objectives

	Quantitative evaluation indicators		FY22	FY23	FY24
			Actual	Forecasts (Actual)	Targets
E	CO ₂ emissions	Reduction rate (vs FY2020) ** Projected at the end of Sept	-14.5	-33.5	-16.8 %
	Scope 1&2	Basic unit (per 100 mil yen) **Results at the end of Sept	13.6	13.0	11.2 t-CO ₂
	CO ₂ emissions	Reduction rate(vs FY2020)	-0.8	8.7	-10.0 %
	Scope 3	Category 1 basic unit (per 100 mil yen)	700.4	660.1	540.7 t-co ₂
	** Projected at the end of Sept	Category 11 basic unit (per sqm)	2.9	3.2	3.5 t-CO ₂
S	Total accident from	*Results at the end of Sept equency rate	4.22	4.23	1.00
	Accident frequen	cy date **Results at the end of Sept	0.40	0.30	0.10
G	G Labor productivity per hour		5,567	6,150	7,500 yen

Scope 1: Direct CO2 emissions from the use of diesel, etc.

Basic unit: Scopes 1 + 2: Emission per ¥100 million net sales

Scope 2: Indirect CO2 emissions by power plants for use of purchased electricity/heat

Scope 3: Indirect emissions other than Scopes 1 and 2

Category 1: Emission at time of construction material manufacturing, Category 11: Emission during period of operation of constructed buildings

Category 1: Emission per ¥100 million transaction amount, Category 11: Emission per 1 sqm completed gross floor area Total accident frequency rate = Total occupational accidents/total working hours (million hours)

Accident frequency rate = Number of occupational accidents requiring 4 or more days of leave / total working hours (million hours)

Labor productivity per hour = Amount of added value (operating income + total human resources expenses) / Number of employees /

Average total working hour

